

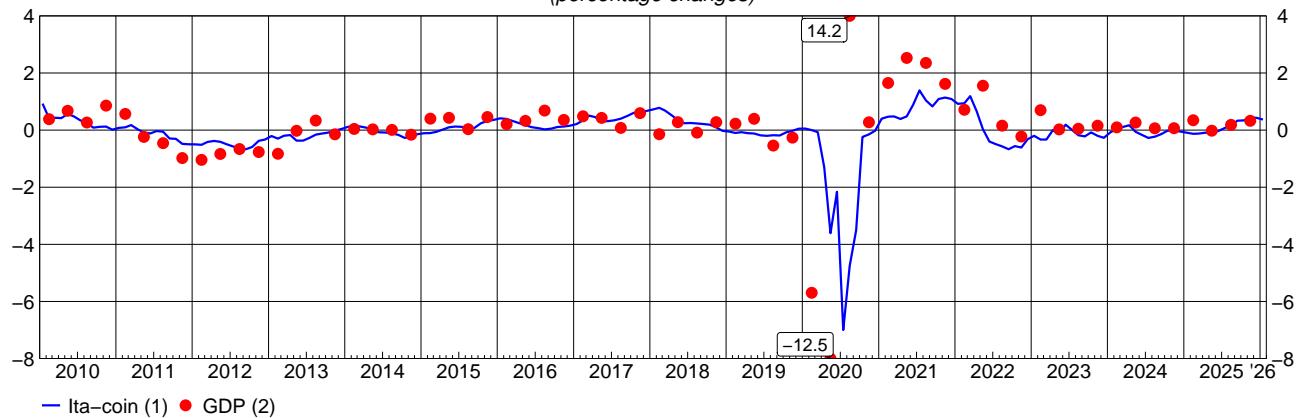


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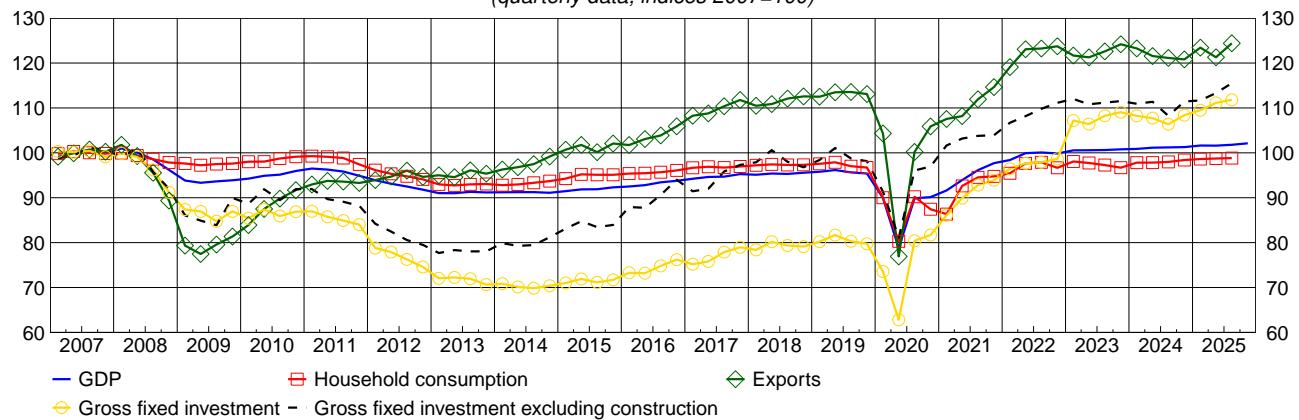
1 – Coincident indicator (Ita-coin) and Italian GDP

(percentage changes)



2 – GDP and the main components of demand (1)

(quarterly data; indices 2007=100)



3 – GDP, national demand, foreign trade (1)

(percentage changes on previous period)

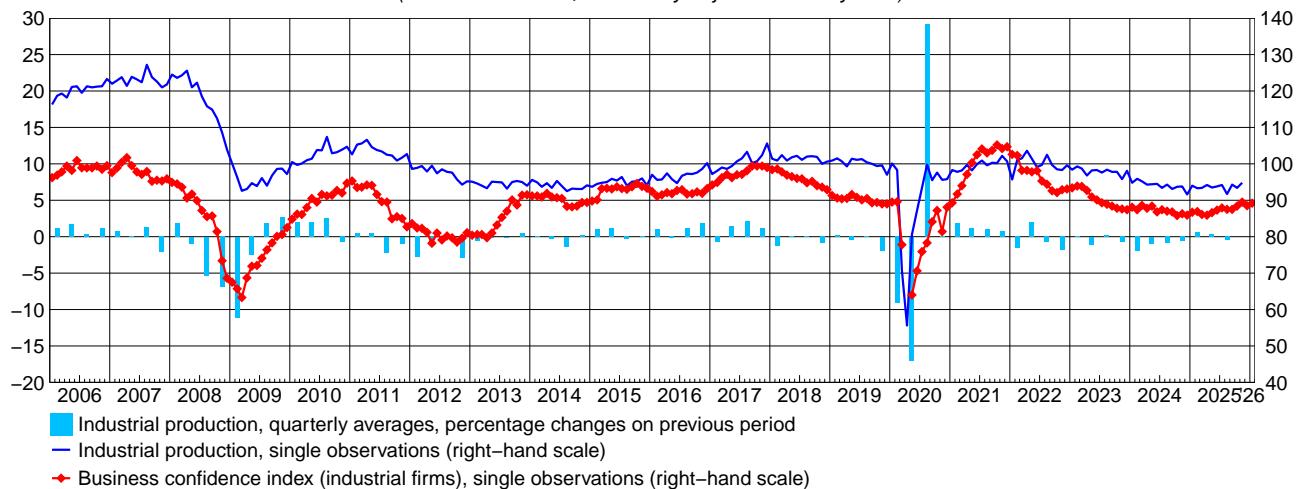
	Gross domestic product	Gross fixed investment	Resident household and NPISH consumption (2)	Government consumption	Total national demand (3)	Exports of goods and services	Imports of goods and services
2021	8.9	21.5	5.8	2.3	9.2	14.1	16.0
2022	4.8	7.4	5.3	0.8	5.6	9.9	12.9
2023	1.0	10.1	0.6	1.1	0.3	-0.2	-1.9
2024	0.7	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.0	-0.4
2025 - Q1	0.3	1.0	0.2	-0.3	0.0	2.2	1.1
2025 - Q2	0.0	1.5	0.1	0.2	0.6	-1.7	0.4
2025 - Q3	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.2	-0.3	2.6	1.2
2025 - Q4	0.3						

Source: Istat.

(1) Chain-linked volumes; quarterly data are adjusted for seasonal and calendar effects. – (2) Non-profit institutions serving households. – (3) Including changes in inventories and valuables.

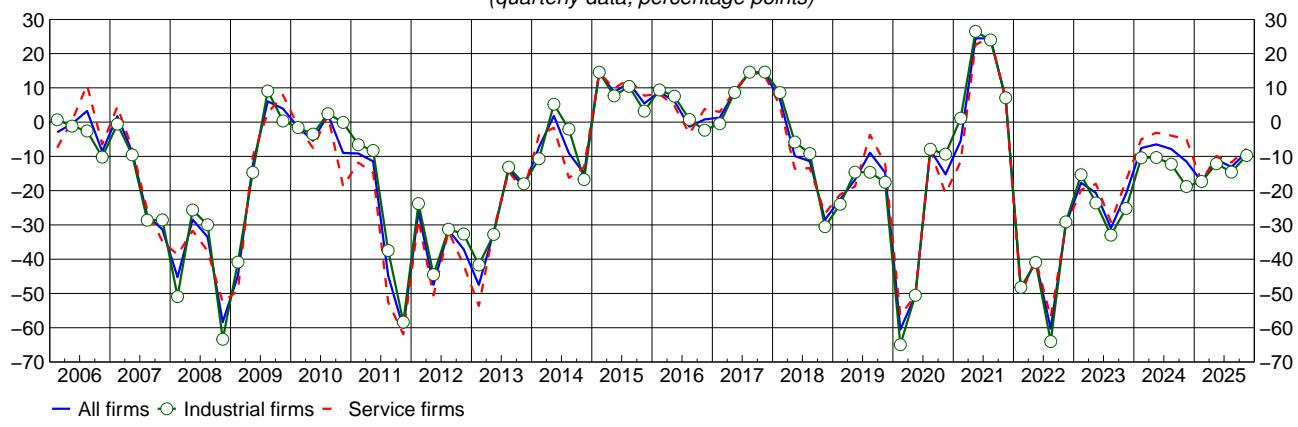
4 – Industrial production and business confidence (1)

(indices 2021=100; seasonally adjusted monthly data)



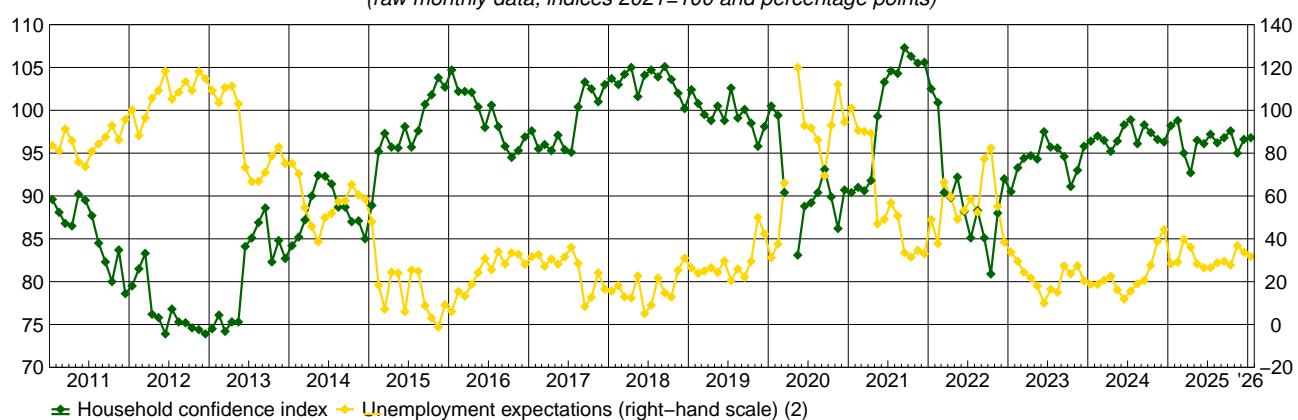
5 – Firms' assessment of the conditions for investing (1)

(quarterly data; percentage points)



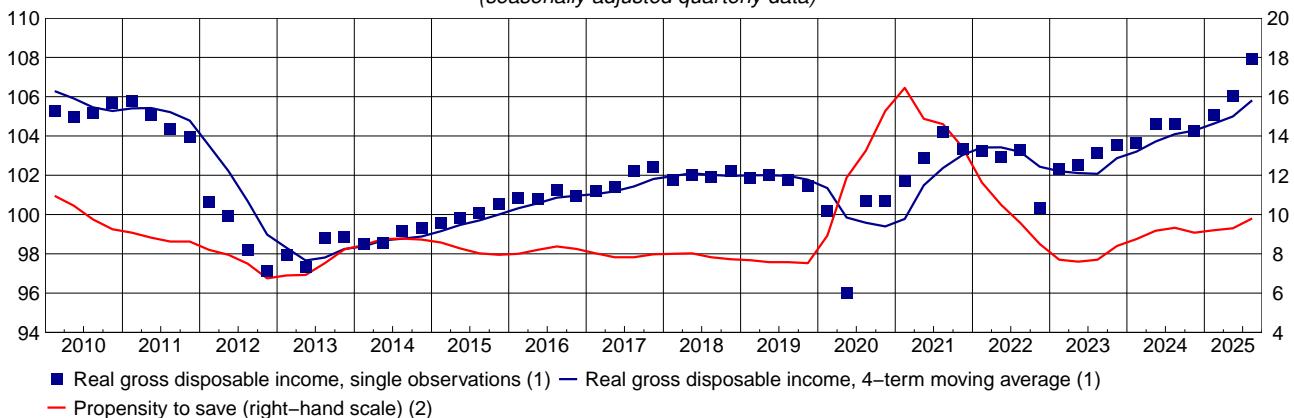
6 – Household confidence index and unemployment expectations (1)

(raw monthly data; indices 2021=100 and percentage points)



7 – Household income and saving

(seasonally adjusted quarterly data)



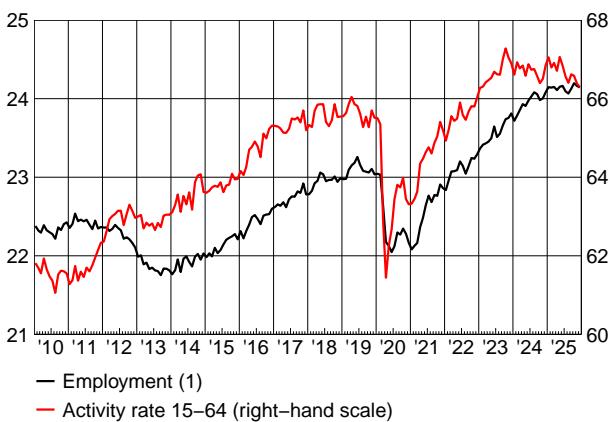
Source: Based on Istat data.

(1) Net of the variation in the final consumption expenditure deflator for resident households. Indices: 2015=100. – (2) Consumer households' savings as a percentage of gross disposable income; 4-term moving average.

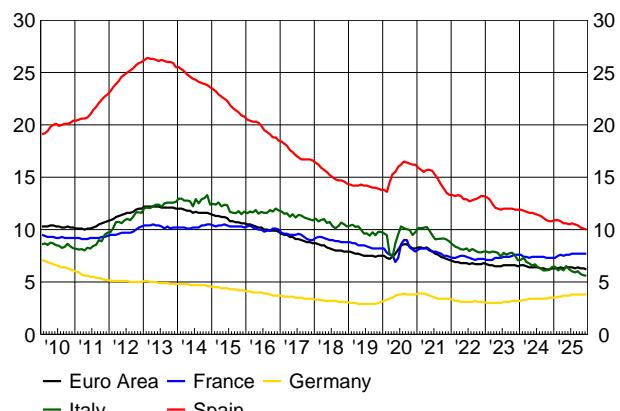
8 – Main labour market indicators

(seasonally adjusted monthly data; per cent, unless otherwise specified)

(a) Italy: Employment; activity rate



(b) Euro area: Unemployment rate



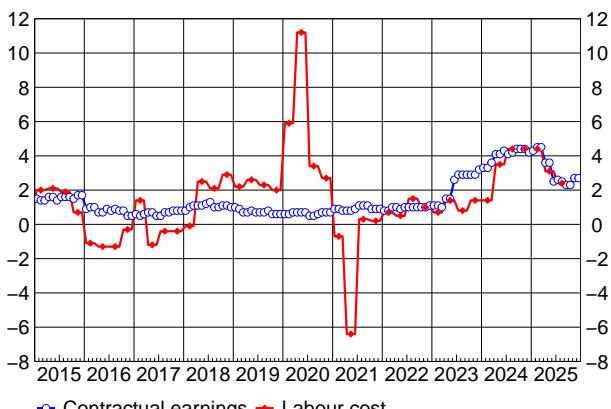
Sources: (a) Istat's labour force survey; (b) Eurostat; for Italy, Istat's labour force survey.

(1) Millions of persons.

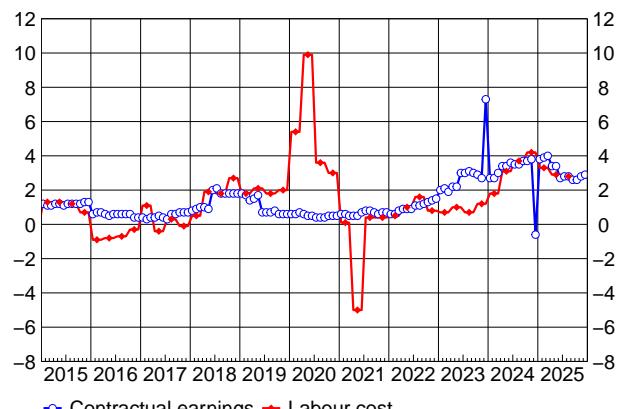
9 – Contractual earnings and labour costs per hour worked (1)

(year-on-year percentage changes)

(a) Non-farm private sector



(b) Total economy

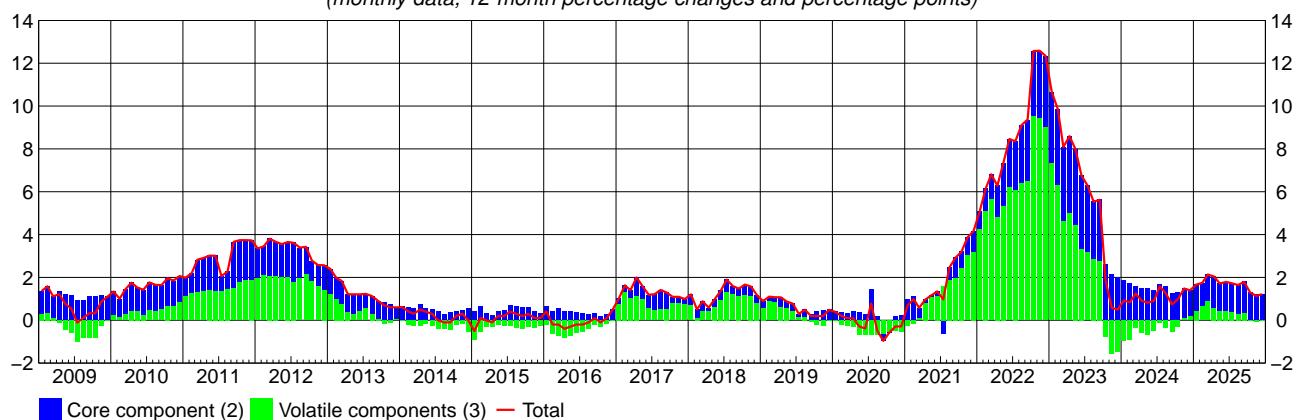


Source: Istat's national accounts and contractual earnings survey.

(1) Raw monthly data for contractual earnings; seasonally adjusted quarterly data for hourly labour costs. Labour costs include gross wages and social security contributions.

10 – Consumer price inflation and contributions of the main components (1)

(monthly data; 12-month percentage changes and percentage points)



Source: based on Eurostat data.

(1) Harmonized index of consumer prices. – (2) Includes non-food and non-energy products, and services. – (3) Includes food and energy products.

11 – Indicators of inflation

(monthly data; 12-month percentage changes)

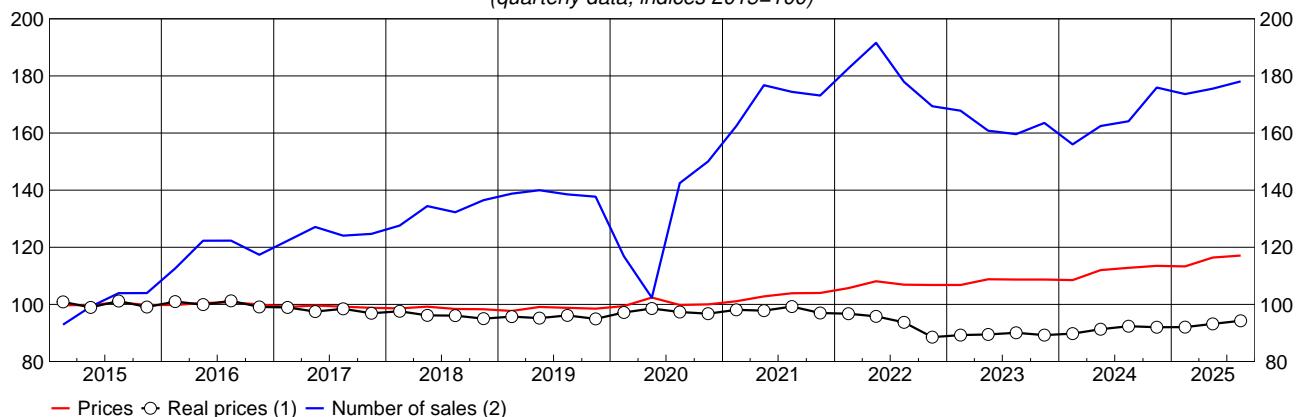
	HICP (1)		Euro Area		PPI (2)
	Italy		Euro Area		Italy
	Overall index	Excl. Energy and food	Overall index	Excl. Energy and food	Overall Index
2024	2.4	1.1	2.2	2.8	-5.7
2025	2.1	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.7
2025 -	Feb. 1.7	1.6	2.3	2.6	8.5
	Mar. 2.1	1.8	2.2	2.4	5.4
	Apr. 2.0	2.1	2.2	2.7	3.8
	May 1.7	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.7
	June 1.7	2.0	2.0	2.3	3.9
	July 1.7	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.4
	Aug. 1.6	1.9	2.0	2.3	0.5
	Sept. 1.7	2.1	2.2	2.4	1.5
	Oct. 1.3	1.9	2.1	2.4	0.2
	Nov. 1.1	1.8	2.1	2.4	-0.3
	Dec. 1.2	1.9	2.0	2.3	-2.0
2026 -	Jan. (3) 1.0	1.8	1.7	2.2	

Source: based on Istat and Eurostat data.

(1) Harmonized index of consumer prices. – (2) Index of producer prices of industrial products sold on the domestic market. – (3) Preliminary data.

12 – House prices and sales

(quarterly data; indices 2015=100)



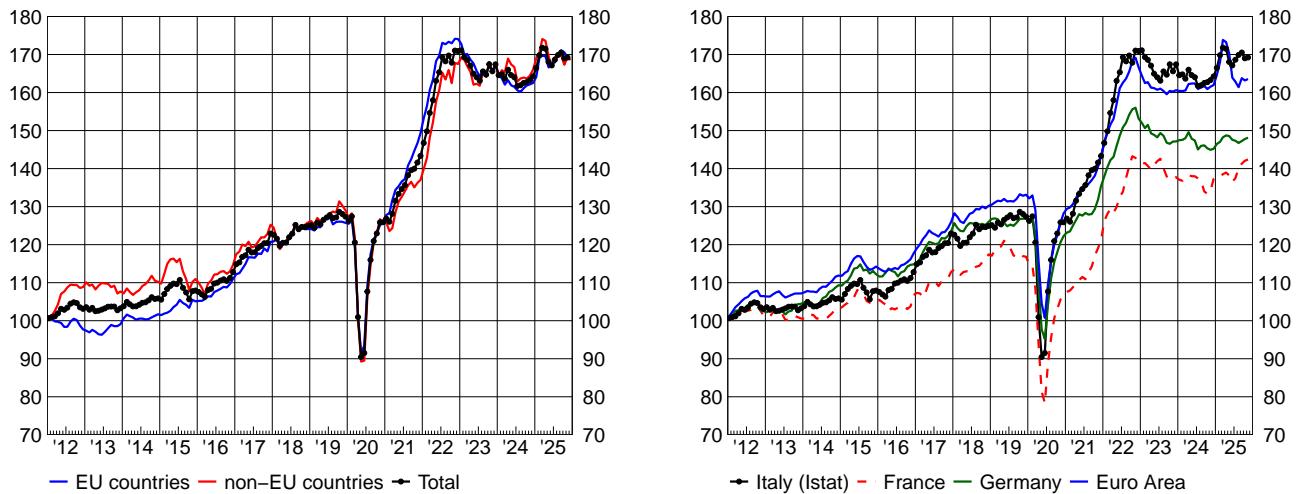
Sources: Based on data from Osservatorio del Mercato Immobiliare (OMI) of the Italian Revenue Agency, Banca d'Italia, Istat and Consulente Immobiliare. (1) House prices deflated by the consumer price index. – (2) Adjusted for seasonal and calendar effects.

13 – Value of goods exports (1)

(seasonally adjusted monthly data)

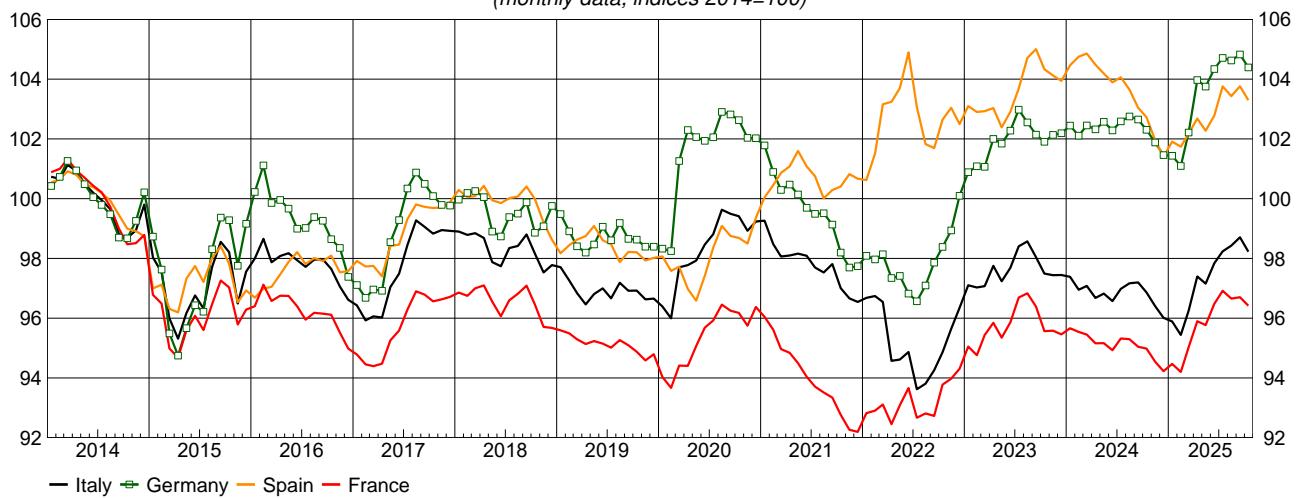
(a) Italy

(b) Euro Area



14 – Indicators of competitiveness (1)

(monthly data; indices 2014=100)



15 – Balance of payments

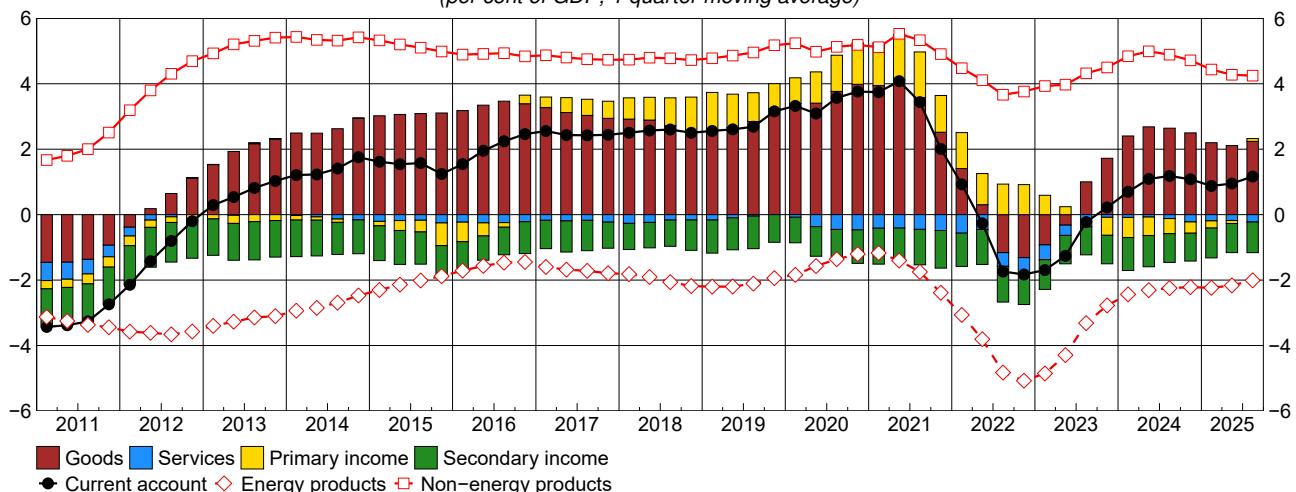
(net balances; billions of euros)

	Current account			Net lending/borrowing to the rest of the world	Financial account			Errors and omissions		
	Total	of which:			Total	of which:				
		Goods				Portfolio investment	Change in reserve assets			
	A		B	A+B	C			C-(A+B)		
2021	37.0	46.4	2.0	39.0	45.9	126.5	20.7	6.9		
2022	-36.5	-26.2	10.7	-25.9	-7.7	169.6	2.0	18.2		
2023	4.7	36.9	16.9	21.7	34.0	-23.8	2.7	12.3		
2024	23.8	55.0	-0.4	23.4	51.8	-78.8	2.1	28.4		
2024	Jan. - Nov.	21.2	49.7	-0.5	20.7	37.4	-79.4	1.6		
2025	Jan. - Nov.	24.5	45.7	1.9	26.4	13.6	-35.7	0.9		
2024 -	Nov.	-2.2	3.4	0.4	-1.8	6.4	-9.0	-0.2		
	Dec.	2.5	5.3	0.1	2.7	14.4	0.6	0.5		
2025 -	Jan.	-4.2	0.2	0.2	-4.1	0.0	-1.3	-0.7		
	Feb.	1.4	4.4	0.2	1.6	-1.5	-18.4	0.1		
	Mar.	0.6	3.7	0.0	0.5	-6.6	18.7	-7.2		
	Apr.	1.3	3.2	0.1	1.4	-3.3	3.2	0.9		
	May	2.1	6.1	0.1	2.2	-1.9	0.0	1.0		
	June	6.8	5.6	0.6	7.5	12.5	-36.7	0.3		
	July	8.2	7.8	0.0	8.2	16.7	17.6	-0.3		
	Aug.	3.4	2.8	0.0	3.3	2.0	13.1	-0.7		
	Sept.	2.9	3.2	-0.2	2.6	-6.2	-1.3	1.3		
	Oct.	3.4	4.1	0.6	4.0	11.3	-17.5	-1.8		
	Nov.	-1.3	4.7	0.5	-0.8	-9.5	-13.2	0.6		
								-8.7		

Source: Banca d'Italia.

16 – Current account balance and its main components

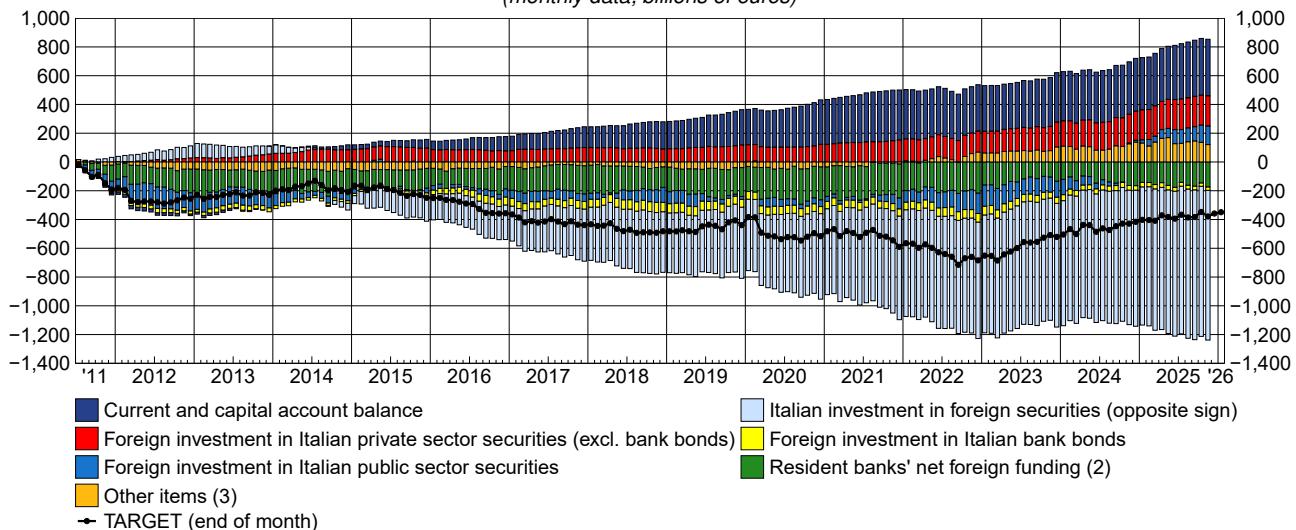
(per cent of GDP; 4-quarter moving average)



Source: Istat for GDP; based on Istat foreign trade data for the breakdown between energy and non-energy products.

17 – TARGET balance and cumulative balance of payments flows (1)

(monthly data; billions of euros)

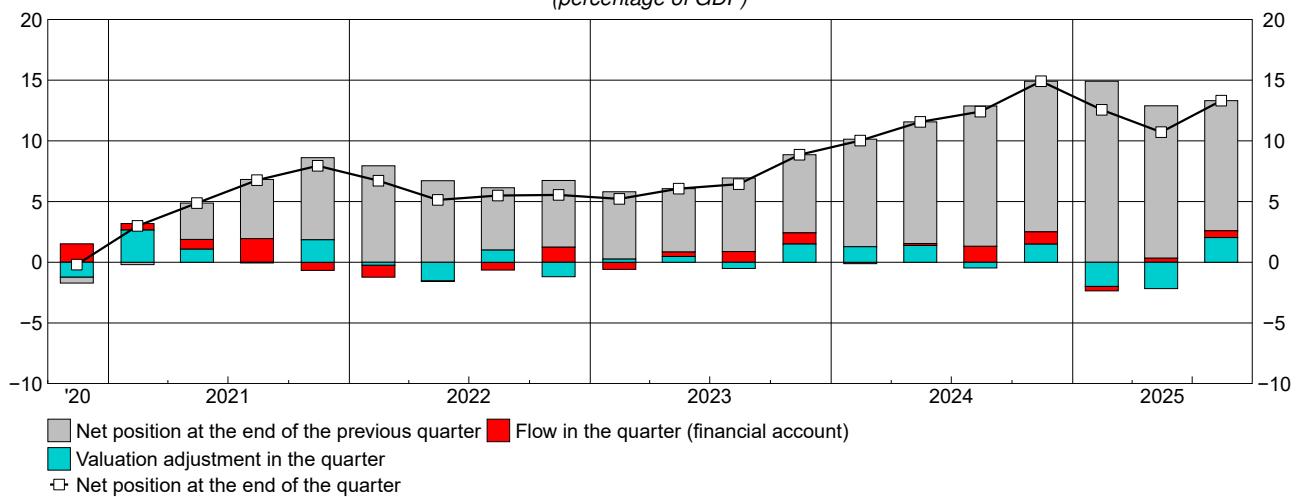


Source: Banca d'Italia.

(1) Using the balance of payments accounting identity, an improvement in the Banca d'Italia's debtor balance vis-à-vis the ECB in the TARGET payment system may reflect investment in Italy by non-residents (greater liabilities), residents' disposals of foreign assets (lower assets) or a current account and capital account surplus. Cumulative flows since July 2011. – (2) Net funding in the form of loans, deposits and other investments by the banking sector, including those intermediated by resident central counterparties. – (3) Direct investment, financial derivatives, other investment, official reserves, errors and omissions.

18 – Net international investment position (1)

(percentage of GDP)

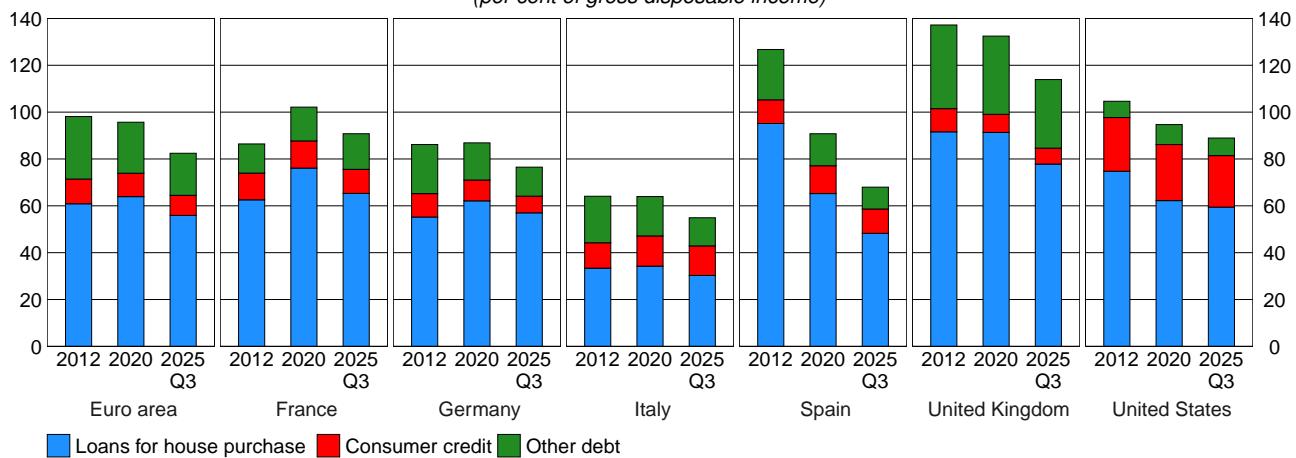


Source: Istat, for GDP.

(1) The net position at the end of the quarter equals the net position at the end of the previous quarter corrected for financial account flows during the quarter and for valuation adjustments.

19 – Financial debt of households (1)

(per cent of gross disposable income)

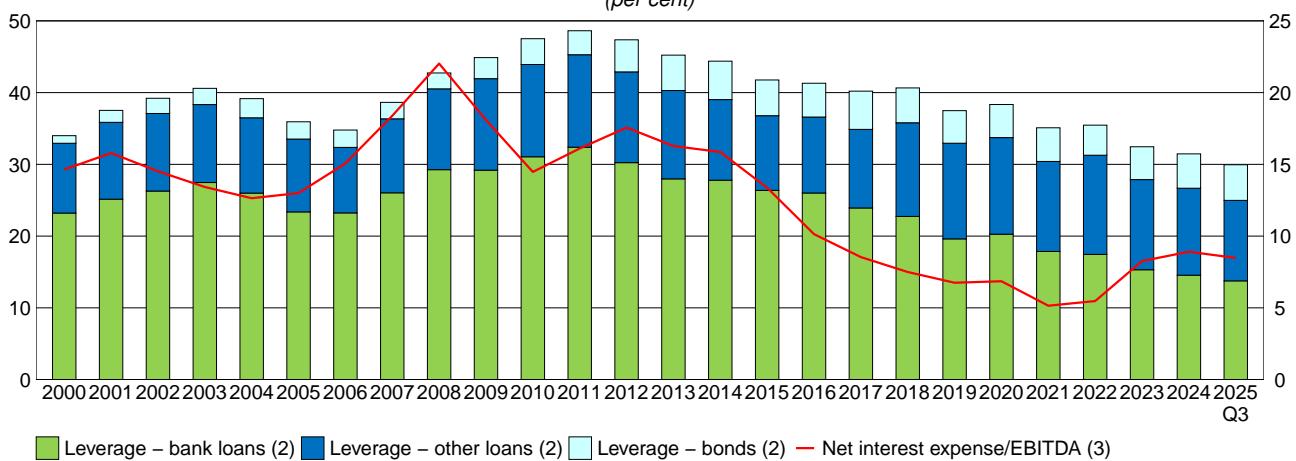


Sources: Banca d'Italia and Istat for Italy, ECB for euro-area countries, Office for National Statistics and Bank of England for the United Kingdom, Federal Reserve System - Board of Governors and Bureau of Economic Analysis for the United States.

(1) Data refer to consumer and producer households; for the United States data refer to only consumer households. End-of-period data.

20 – Indicators of firms' borrowing (1)

(per cent)

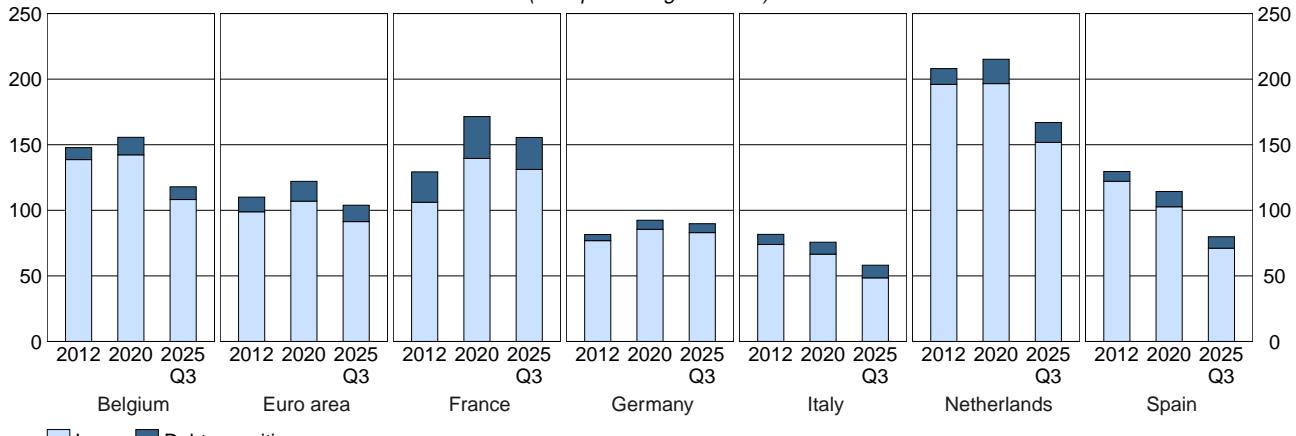


Sources: Banca d'Italia (Financial Accounts) and analyses of Istat data, National Accounts by institutional sector.

(1) Data refer to non-financial corporations sector. – (2) Leverage is calculated as the ratio of financial debts (bank loans, bonds, other loans) to the sum of financial debts and shareholders' equity at market prices. End-of-period data. – (3) 4-quarter cumulative data (right-hand scale).

21 – Firms' financial debt (1)

(as a percentage of GDP)

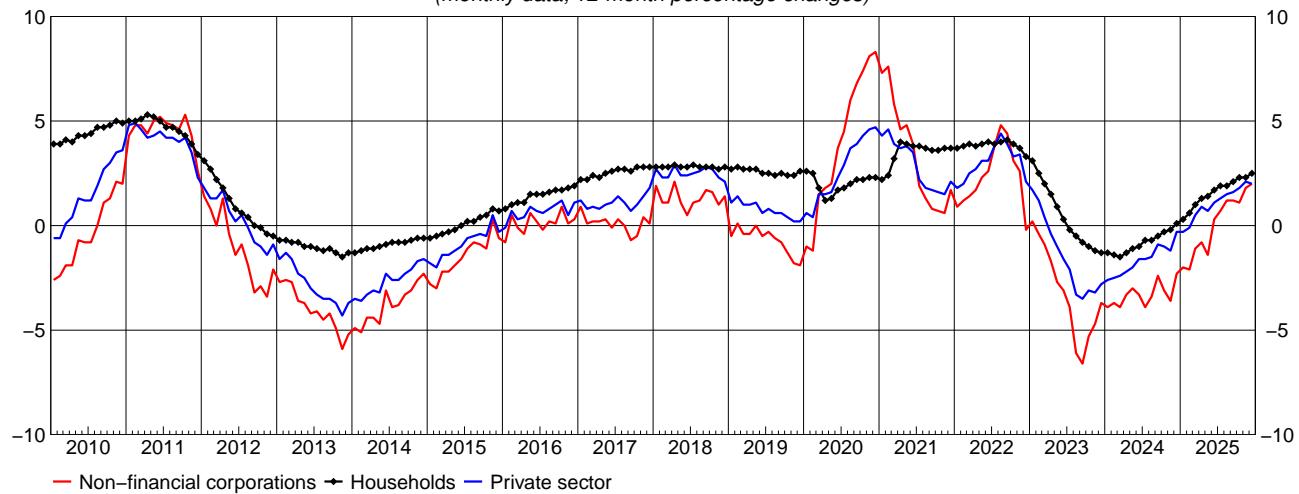


Source: based on ECB data.

(1) The data refer to the non-financial corporations sector. End-of-period data.

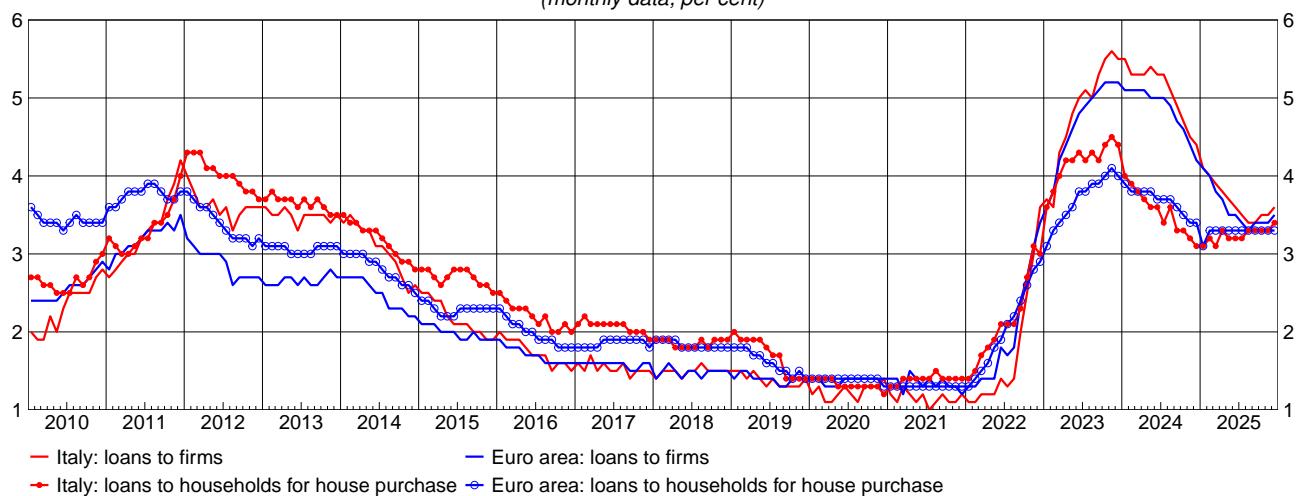
22 – Bank lending to the private sector (1)

(monthly data; 12-month percentage changes)

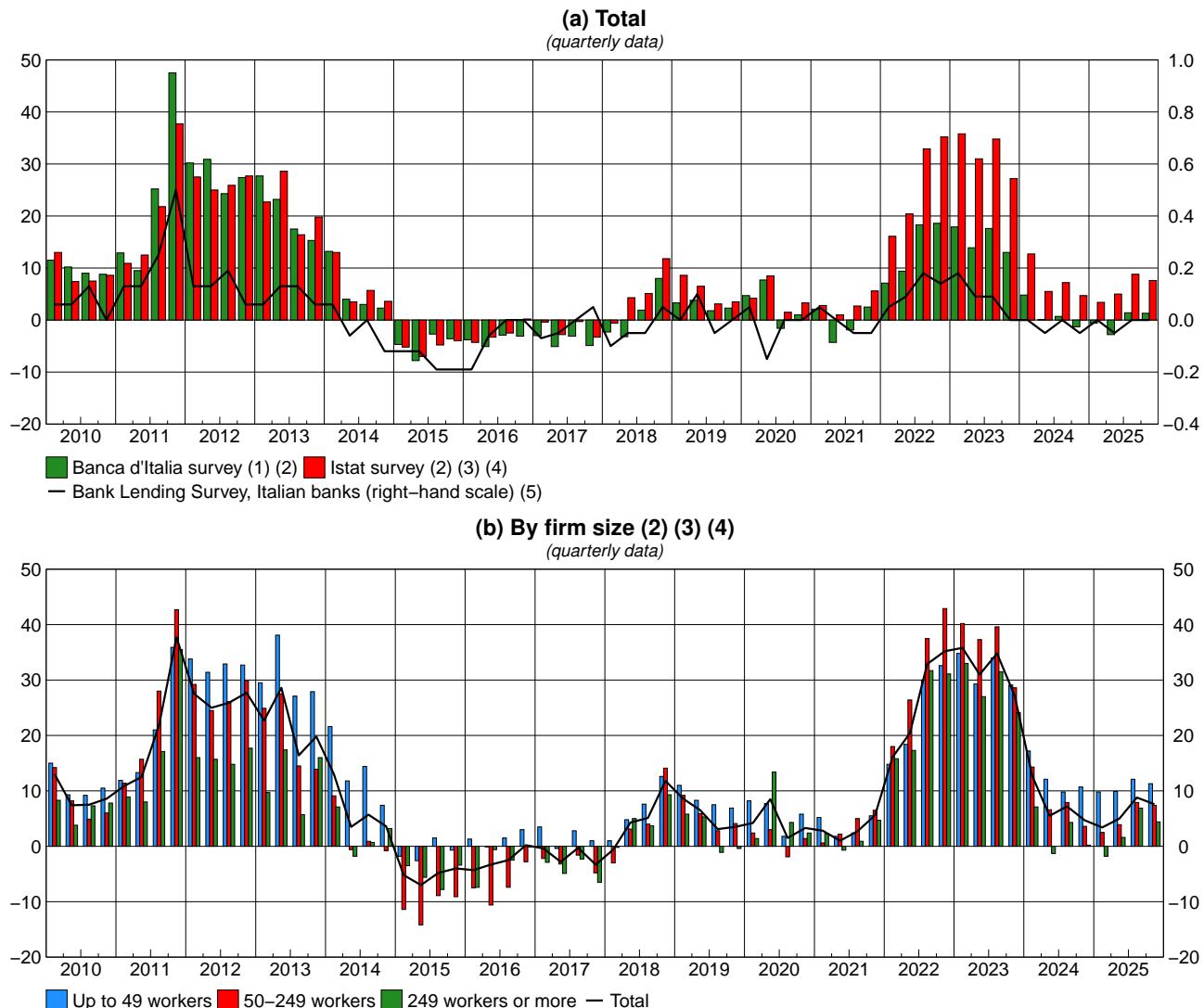


23 – Interest rates on new loans (1)

(monthly data; per cent)



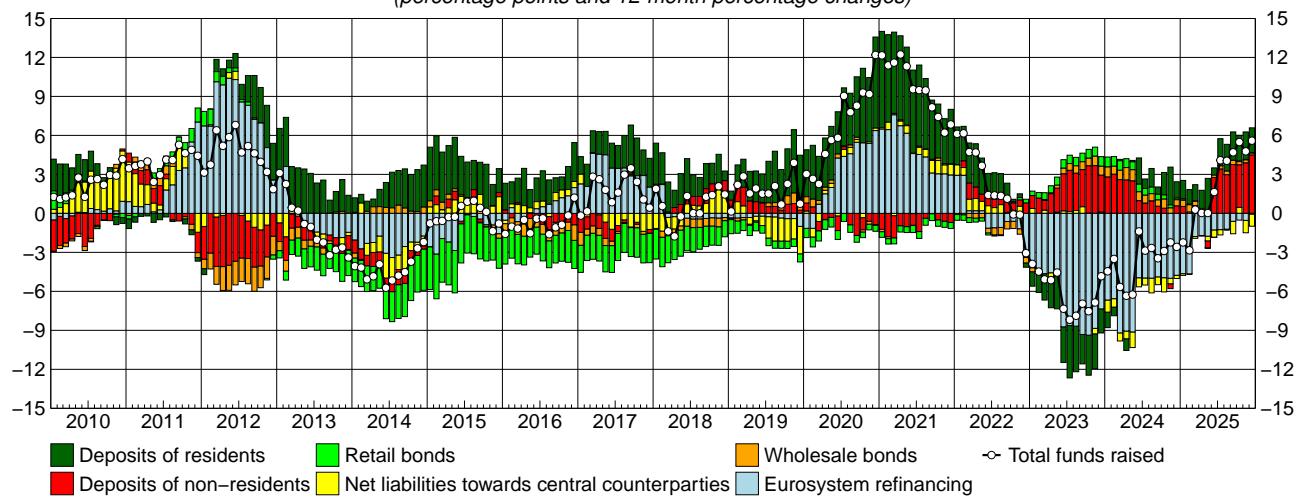
24 – Credit access conditions for firms



(1) Source: Banca d'Italia, Survey on inflation and growth expectations (in collaboration with Il Sole 24 Ore up to October 2018); firms in industry (excluding constructions) and services. – (2) Net percentage of firms reporting difficulty in obtaining credit. – (3) Source: Istat, Monthly business confidence survey in the manufacturing sector. – (4) Last survey in the quarter. – (5) Source: Banca d'Italia, the euro area bank lending survey. Degree of credit supply tightening compared with the previous quarter (diffusion index).

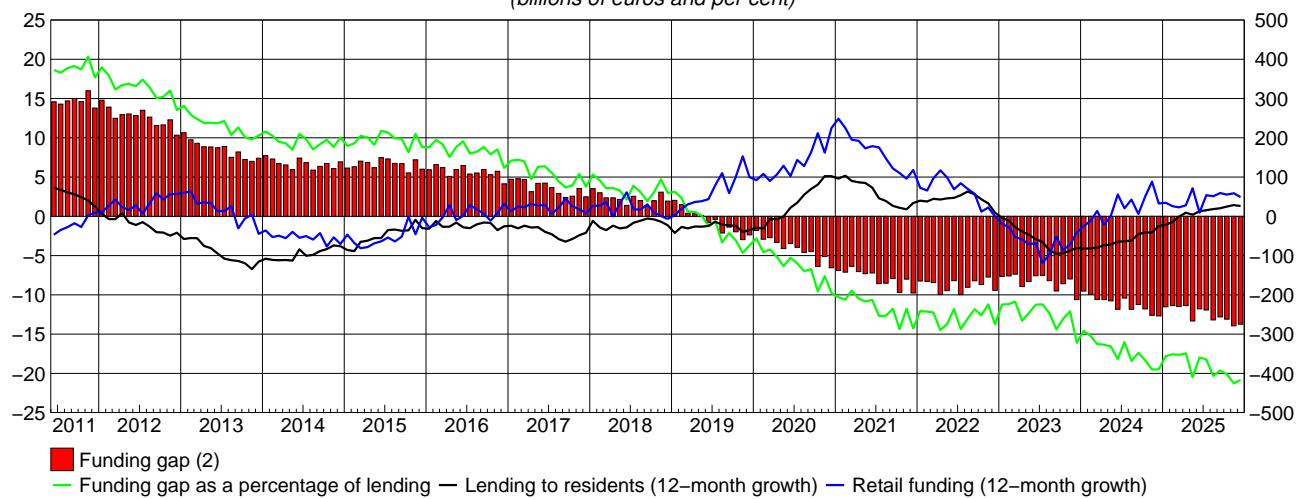
25 – Growth in bank funding: contributions of the various components (1)

(percentage points and 12-month percentage changes)



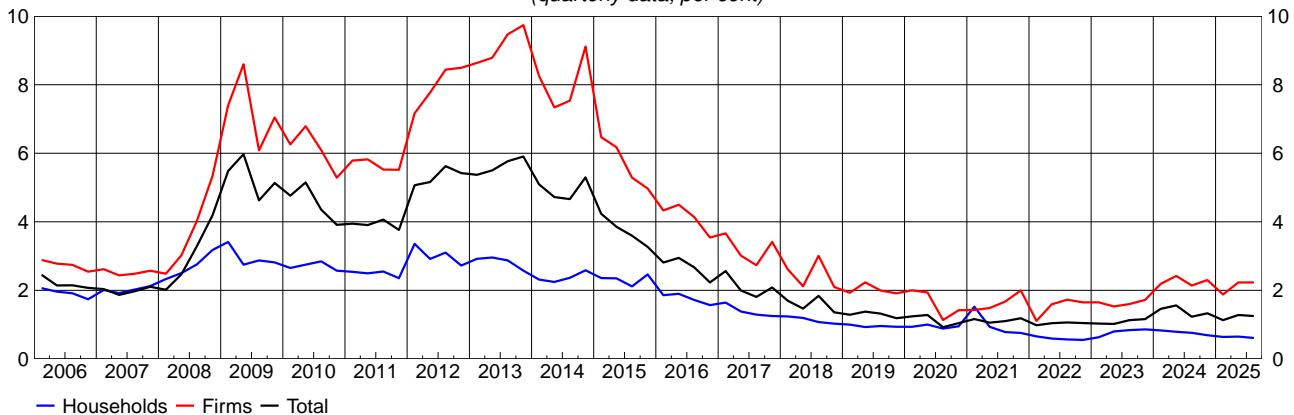
26 – Banks' funding gap (1)

(billions of euros and per cent)



27 – New non-performing loan rates (1)

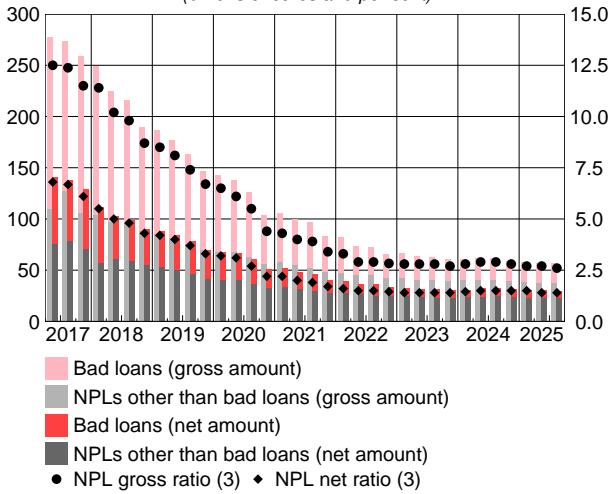
(quarterly data; per cent)



28 – Non-performing loans (1)

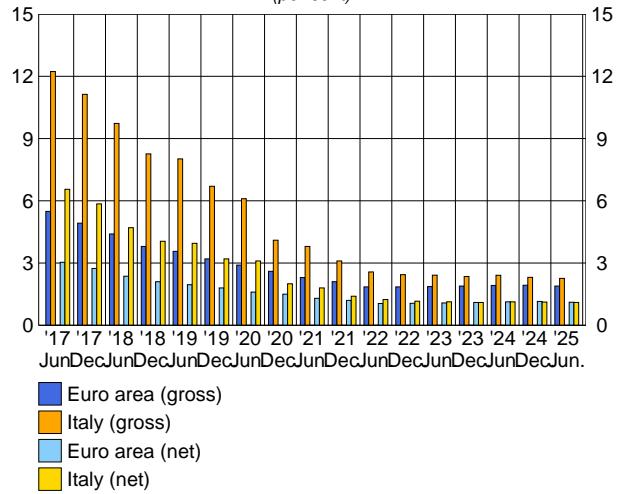
(a) Italian banking system: total amount (2)

(billions of euros and per cent)



(b) Significant banks: share of total loans

(per cent)

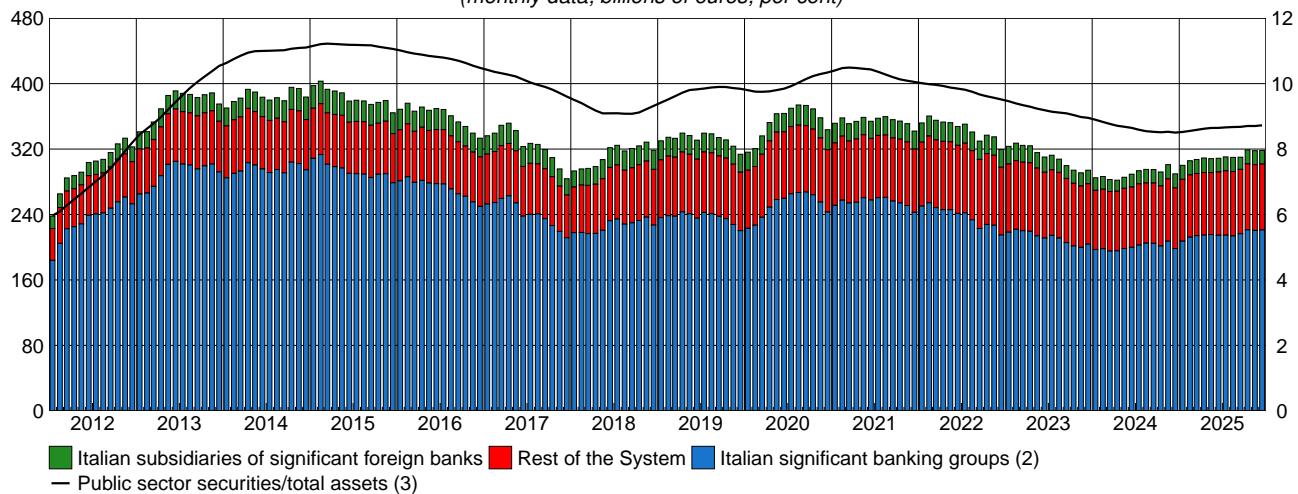


Sources: Supervisory reports, on a consolidated basis for banking groups and on an individual basis for the rest of the Italian banking system; ECB, Supervisory Banking Statistics for the euro area.

(1) Includes loans to customers, credit intermediaries and central banks. End of period data. Amounts and ratios are calculated net and gross of provisions. – (2) Includes banking groups and banks subsidiaries of foreign intermediaries; excludes branches of foreign banks. – (3) Right-hand scale, per cent.

29 – Banks' investment in Italian public sector securities (1)

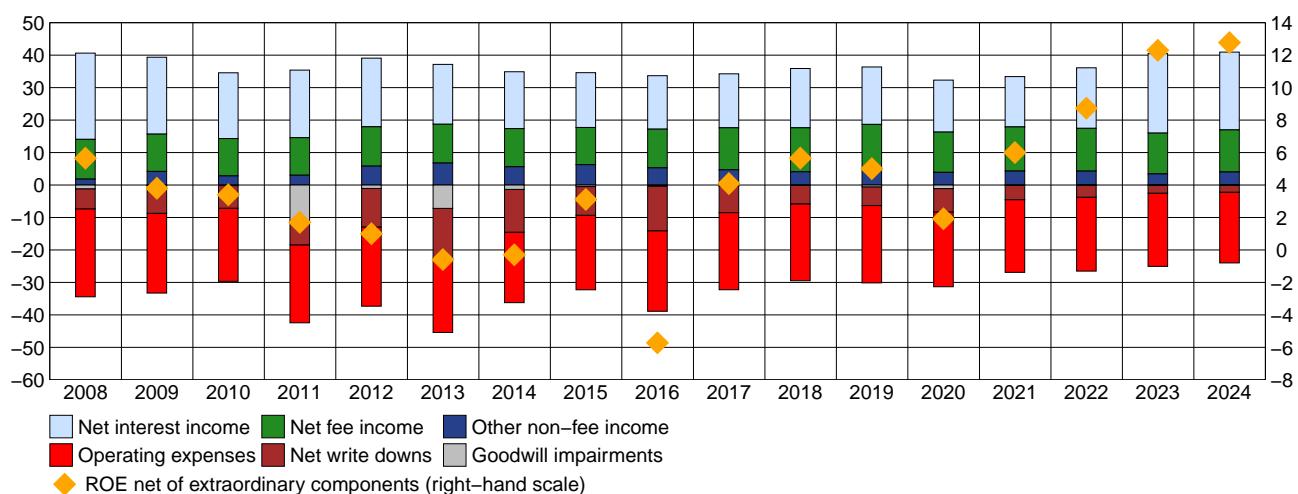
(monthly data; billions of euros; per cent)



Source: Individual supervisory reports.

(1) All public sector securities, including those issued by local authorities. Data includes only those reported by credit intermediaries registered in the Banca d'Italia's supervisory register. The stock of Italian public sector securities in portfolios was revised starting in 2013, following the extension of the perimeter of general government as defined by Istat in agreement with Eurostat. – (2) Includes the cooperative credit banks merged into cooperative credit banking groups. – (3) Twelve-month moving average ending in the month indicated. The series 'total assets' does not include repurchased self-issued bonds. Right-hand scale.

30 – Main profit and loss items of banks (1)

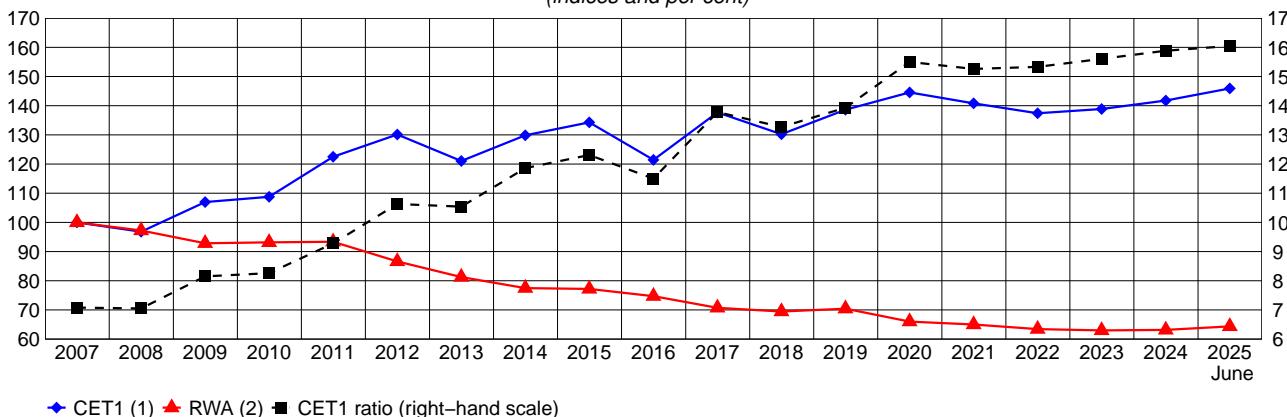


Sources: Consolidated supervisory reports for banking groups, individual supervisory reports for stand-alone banks.

(1) As a ratio to average equity in the year; percentage points. For the definition of the items, see the Section Methodological Note of the Appendix of the 2024 Annual Report (available only in Italian).

31 – Capitalization of banks and banking groups

(indices and per cent)



Sources: Consolidated supervisory reports for banking groups, individual supervisory reports for stand-alone banks.
(1) Up to 2013, the highest-quality capital component was the 'core tier 1'; since 2014 it corresponds to CET1 ('common equity tier 1'). Index: 2007=100.
(2) 'Risk-Weighted Assets'. Index: 2007=100.

32 – Capital and liquidity indicators of the banking system

(per cent; reference date: September 2025)

	CET1 Ratio	Total Capital Ratio	Leverage Ratio	Liquidity Coverage Ratio	Net Stable Funding Ratio
Total					
Simple Average	27.14	28.17	10.98	590.74	170.87
Weighted Average	15.74	19.65	6.29	178.04	133.66
Standard Deviation	20.95	20.46	6.36	757.61	60.51
1 Quartile	16.96	18.78	6.40	234.12	139.50
Median	22.87	23.03	9.19	382.52	155.90
3 Quartile	31.11	31.35	14.32	702.41	181.93
Significant banks					
Simple Average	19.08	22.46	6.78	289.75	173.04
Weighted Average	15.84	19.92	6.03	167.67	131.82
Standard Deviation	5.35	4.78	1.79	242.28	90.80
1 Quartile	14.76	18.97	5.22	157.71	127.51
Median	16.59	19.86	6.34	168.76	136.00
3 Quartile	23.93	26.45	8.58	299.19	174.29
Less significant banks					
Simple Average	28.48	29.13	11.55	617.62	170.68
Weighted Average	18.78	20.56	7.43	273.32	149.34
Standard Deviation	22.01	21.68	6.63	781.77	57.02
1 Quartile	17.67	18.88	6.58	251.66	141.61
Median	23.23	24.00	9.57	415.76	156.66
3 Quartile	34.52	34.52	15.08	744.90	184.67

Source: Consolidated supervisory reports for banking groups, individual supervisory reports for stand-alone banks.

From April 2025, the methodology for calculating the Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio data was changed, aligning it with that used in other official publications of Banca d'Italia. Following the new methodology, the data previously published in the April 2024 to March 2025 editions were also changed.

33 – Share prices and CDS spreads of listed banks

(daily data)

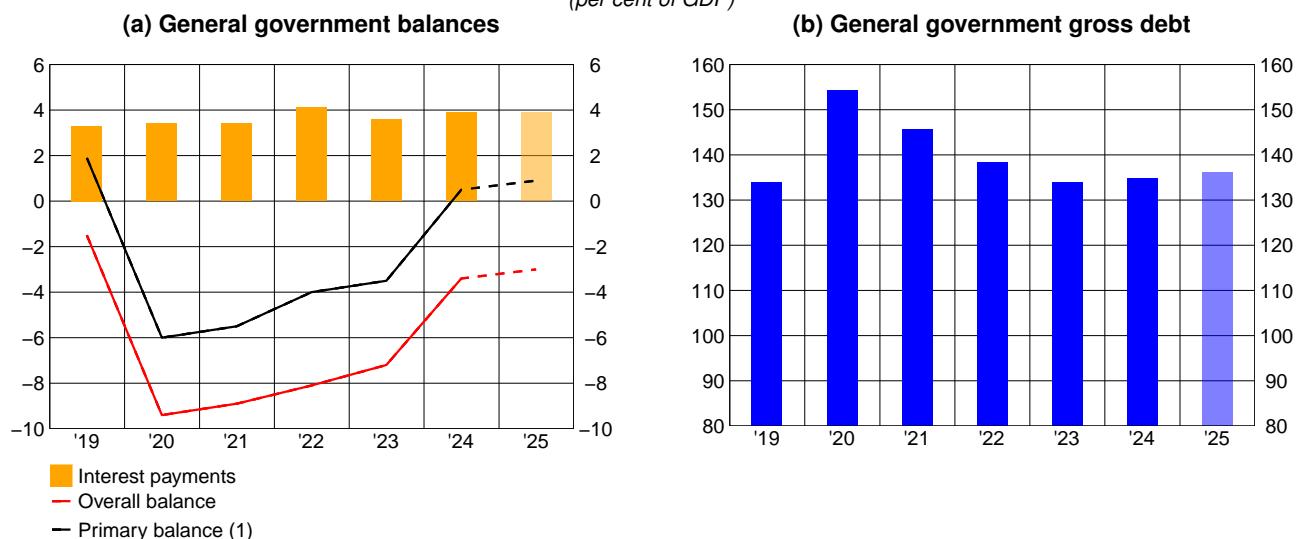


Source: Refinitiv and ICE Data Derivatives UK Ltd.

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34 – Main public finance indicators

(per cent of GDP)



Source: for the period 2019-2024 Istat (for the items of general government consolidated accounts and GDP) and Banca d'Italia (for debt); for the 2025 official targets Ministry of Economy and Finance, Public Finance Planning Document (October 2025).

(1) Overall balance net of interest payments.

35 – Main public finance indicators (European comparison)

(per cent of GDP)

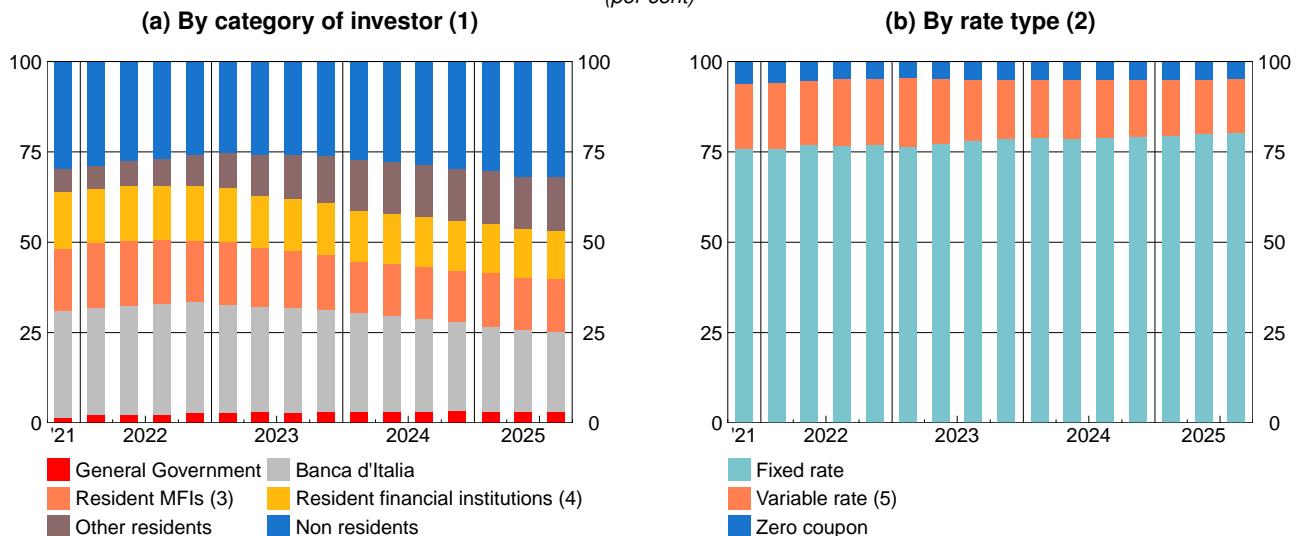
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Overall balance								
Italy	-1.5	-9.4	-8.9	-8.1	-7.2	-3.4	-3.0	-2.8
France	-2.4	-8.9	-6.6	-4.7	-5.4	-5.8	-5.5	-4.9
Germany	1.3	-4.4	-3.2	-1.9	-2.5	-2.7	-3.1	-4.0
Spain	-3.1	-9.9	-6.7	-4.6	-3.3	-3.2	-2.5	-2.1
Euro area	-0.5	-7.0	-5.1	-3.4	-3.5	-3.1	-3.2	-3.3
Primary balance (1)								
Italy	1.9	-6.0	-5.5	-4.0	-3.5	0.5	0.9	1.2
France	-0.9	-7.7	-5.2	-2.8	-3.5	-3.7	-3.2	-2.3
Germany	2.1	-3.7	-2.6	-1.2	-1.6	-1.6	-1.9	-2.8
Spain	-0.8	-7.7	-4.5	-2.3	-1.0	-0.8	0.0	0.5
Euro area	1.1	-5.5	-3.7	-1.7	-1.8	-1.2	-1.2	-1.3
Gross public debt								
Italy	133.9	154.4	145.8	138.4	133.9	134.9	136.2	137.4
France	98.2	114.9	112.8	111.4	109.8	113.2	116.3	118.1
Germany	58.7	68.0	67.9	64.4	62.3	62.2	63.5	65.2
Spain	97.7	119.3	115.7	109.3	105.2	101.6	100.0	98.2
Euro area	85.5	98.5	95.7	91.0	88.5	88.5	89.2	90.2

Source: for Italy for the period 2019-2024 Istat (for the items of general government consolidated accounts and GDP) and Banca d'Italia (for debt); for the 2025 and 2026 official targets Ministry of Economy and Finance, Public Finance Planning Document (October 2025). For other countries and for euro area: AMECO, European Commission, Autumn 2025 Economic Forecast (November 2025).

(1) Overall balance net of interest payments.

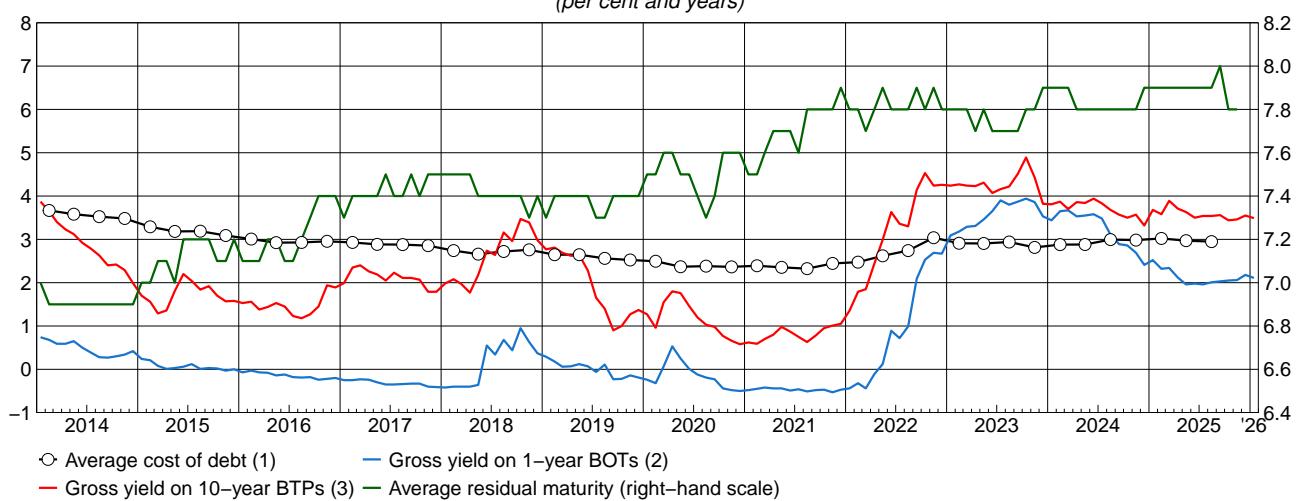
36 – Government securities – stocks

(per cent)



37 – Average cost and average residual maturity of the public debt

(per cent and years)



(1) Ratio between interest expense in the preceding 4 quarters and the stock of the debt at the end of the year-earlier quarter. – (2) The yield at issue is the average, weighted by the issue amounts allotted, of the compound allotment rates at the auctions settled during the month. – (3) Average monthly yield at maturity of the benchmark traded on the online government securities market.

38 – Government benchmark securities: gross yields at maturity (1)

(percentage points, annual and monthly averages)

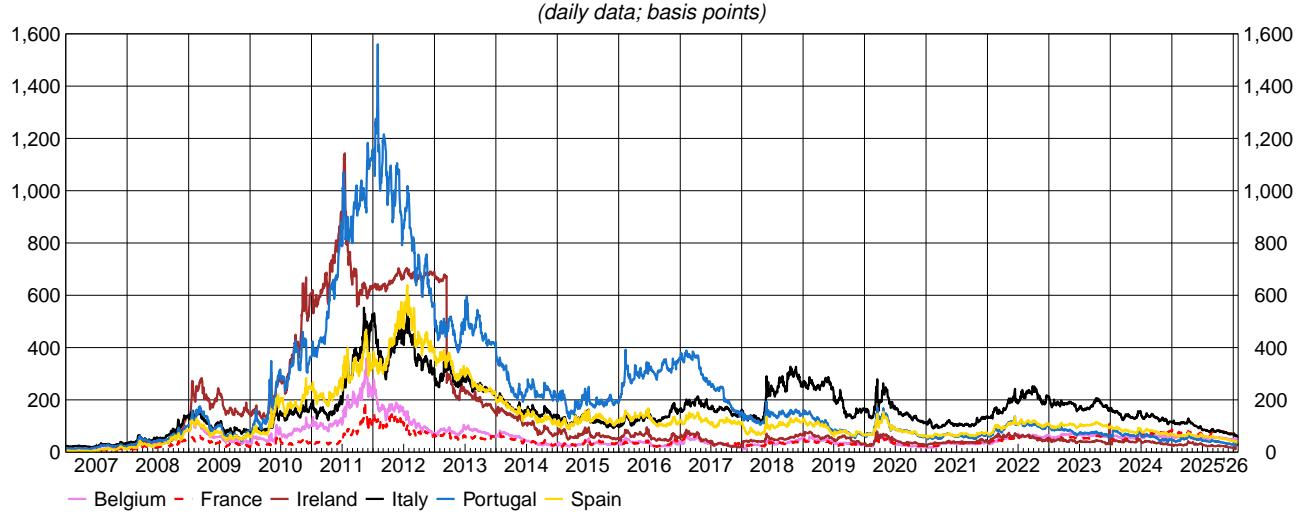
	BTPs				CCTs
	3 year	5 year	10 year	30 year	
2015	0.34	0.77	1.72	2.77	0.71
2016	0.08	0.46	1.48	2.56	0.53
2017	0.19	0.83	2.11	3.25	0.74
2018	0.94	1.62	2.61	3.42	1.36
2019	0.64	1.15	1.95	2.94	1.34
2020	0.23	0.59	1.17	2.06	0.49
2021	-0.19	0.10	0.81	1.73	-0.03
2022	1.97	2.42	3.17	3.43	1.19
2023	3.58	3.76	4.29	4.66	4.45
2024	2.99	3.17	3.71	4.31	4.96
2025	2.44	2.84	3.59	4.41	3.43
2025 -	Jan.	2.67	2.99	3.68	4.30
	Feb.	2.48	2.83	3.58	4.21
	Mar.	2.60	3.14	3.89	4.58
	Apr.	2.35	2.88	3.71	4.49
	May	2.30	2.77	3.63	4.45
	June	2.25	2.74	3.50	4.32
	July	2.35	2.78	3.54	4.40
	Aug.	2.45	2.79	3.54	4.46
	Sept.	2.47	2.81	3.56	4.52
	Oct.	2.40	2.77	3.44	4.39
	Nov.	2.40	2.76	3.46	4.36
	Dec.	2.51	2.86	3.55	4.44
2026 -	Jan.	2.46	2.79	3.49	4.39
					2.75

Source: Based on daily MTS data.

(1) The benchmark security for each category is the last security issued from the time it becomes the most heavily traded.

39 – Yield spreads between euro-area countries and German 10-year government bonds

(daily data; basis points)



Sources: Based on Bloomberg data.

40 – Growth and inflation forecasts

(percentage change on previous period)

	Italy					
	Growth			Inflation (1)		
	2026	2027	2028	2026	2027	2028
Banca d'Italia (Dec.) (2)	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.6	1.9
European Commission (Nov.) (3)	0.8	0.8	n.a.	1.3	2.0	n.a.
IMF (Jan./Oct.) (4)	0.7	0.7	n.a.	2.0	2.0	2.0
OECD (Dec.) (5)	0.6	0.7	n.a.	1.7	1.8	n.a.

	Euro Area					
	Growth			Inflation (1)		
	2026	2027	2028	2026	2027	2028
Eurosystem/ECB (Dec.) (6)	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.8	2.0
European Commission (Nov.) (3)	1.2	1.4	n.a.	1.9	2.0	n.a.
IMF (Jan./Oct.) (4)	1.3	1.4	n.a.	1.9	2.1	2.0
OECD (Dec.) (5)	1.2	1.4	n.a.	1.9	2.0	n.a.

(1) Measured by the harmonized index of consumer prices. - (2) Macroeconomic projections for the Italian economy, December 2025. GDP data adjusted for calendar effects. - (3) EC European Economic Forecast, Autumn 2025, November 2025. - (4) IMF World Economic Outlook Update, January 2026, for growth; IMF World Economic Outlook, October 2025, for inflation. - (5) OECD Economic Outlook, December 2025. GDP data adjusted for calendar effects. - (6) Eurosystem staff macroeconomic projections for the euro area, December 2025. GDP data adjusted for calendar effects.