"Frequentist evaluation of small DSGE models" by Gunnar Bardsen and Luca Fanelli

> **Discussion by** Massimiliano Pisani Banca d'Italia

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Goal of the paper

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 New method to assess empirical reliability of NK-DSGE models (misspecification test)

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 New method to assess empirical reliability of NK-DSGE models (misspecification test)

• Joint (multiple-hypothesis) test of low and high frequency restrictions which the small-scale NK-DSGE model places on its reduced-form VAR solution

The frequentist approach

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- Bayesian approach (Del Negro and Schorfheide 2009 among the others) allows for misspecification analysis
- Gunnar and Luca purpose is to show that the frequentist cointegrated approach can also be extremely useful for empirically evaluating DSGE models

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 - cointegration rank (LR1 test)
 - over-identifying cointegration restrictions (LR2 test)

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- Boostrap versions of LR1, LR2 and LR3
- Version of the test procedure in case of unobservables

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- In the DSGE model the structural parameters can be common to several equations
- For example, in the basic NK model the risk adversion parameter would appear in both the Euler equation and in the Phillips curve; it's a restriction on the parameters, dictated by economic theory
- Suppose that each of the two equations is a cointegration relationship. How would you test that cross-cointegrating vector restriction? LR2 test?
- More generally, restrictions across cointegrating vectors naturally arise from microfoundations of DSGE models. Not clear if and how they are tested in you procedure

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- In particular, it is of interest Chari, Kehoe and McGrattan (Econometrica 2007)
- Chari et al. add "wedges" into structural equations of the basic RBC model and estimate them, to get information about possible directions for improving coherence between the structural equations an the data

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- With forward-looking households, permanent shocks can imply implausible (short-run) responses of variables of interest; hence, the model would not be fully plausible

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- This assumption is the exception rather than the rule for DSGE
- Can the test be applied to DSGE that do not have finite-order VAR representation?

Bootstrap reliability

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- Wild boostrap? Boostrap evaluation in case of state-space representation?

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THANKS!!